IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIVIL DIVISION

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Plaintiff,

v.

FACEBOOK, INC.,

Defendant.

CIVIL ACTION NO.: 2018 CA 008715 B

Judge Fern Flanagan Saddler Next Court Date: March 22, 2019

Event: Initial Conference

DECLARATION OF JOSHUA S. LIPSHUTZ

I, Joshua S. Lipshutz, declare as follows under penalty of perjury:

- I am a partner at the law firm of Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher. I maintain my law practice at 1050 Connecticut Ave. NW, Washington, D.C. 20036. I have personal knowledge of the facts set forth in this declaration and, if called to testify, I could and would competently testify to them.
- Attached as Exhibit 1 is a true and accurate copy of excerpts of the transcript of the March 6,
 2019 hearing on Facebook, Inc.'s motion for a protective order and to stay discovery in the above-captioned matter.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed on March 20, 2019.

By: /s/ Joshua S. Lipshutz

Joshua S. Lipshutz jlipshutz@gibsondunn.com GIBSON, DUNN & CRUTCHER LLP 1050 Connecticut Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20036-5306

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SUPERIOR COURT OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIVIL DIVISION

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DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, : Docket Number: 2018 CAB 008715

Plaintiff,

:

VS.

:

FACEBOOK, INC.,

Defendant.

Wednesday, March 6, 2019

The above-entitled action came on for a hearing before the Honorable FERN FLANAGAN SADDLER, Associate Judge, in Courtroom Number 100.

APPEARANCES:

On Behalf of the Plaintiff:

JIMMY R. ROCK, Esquire Washington, D.C.

On Behalf of the Defendant:

JOSHUA LIPSHUTZ, Esquire Washington, D.C.

19-01192

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any allegation showing any connection of Facebook's activities to the District of Columbia other than the fact that some D.C. residents are users of Facebook.

Other courts when faced with that exact type of scenario have routinely, and consistently dismissed allegations against Facebook for lack of personal jurisdiction whether --

THE COURT: To whit, name some.

MR. LIPSHUTZ: The Northern District of Ohio, the Western District of Washington, the Northern District of Illinois, all cases cited in our motion to dismiss papers.

And the mere existence of users of the website in the District of Columbia is not enough to grant -- for this Court to have personal jurisdiction over Facebook, and that's been the consistent holding across the courts that I just mentioned.

Our other argument is based on the clear disclosures that we provided to users regarding the very activities that are at issue in this case, and, again, with respect to that argument, courts have accepted and dismissed cases on that basis involving Facebook.

The Ninth Circuit just a few weeks ago in the Smith v. Facebook case dismissed a complaint, affirmed a
dismissal of a complaint based on the same disclosures

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holding that those disclosures were clear, and unambiguous, and in the Northern District of California just a few weeks ago in the multi-district litigation in this very case, in other words, the multi-district litigation dealing with these very same issues, Judge Chabria in the Northern District of California effectively dismissed the complaint, ordered the complainants to amend their complaint, finding that, again, Facebook's disclosures on these very issues were clear. That was one of the things he said at the hearing, and we quote that in our papers.

So we have at least two very strong grounds for dismissal of this case, and we think based on the case law at a minimum the Court should stay discovery while the Court has an opportunity to review those arguments, and decide whether we have, in fact, stated grounds for dismissing the case.

We have already produced over 130,000 documents to the District as part of their investigation that preceded the filing of their complaint, pursuant to subpoenas, and, so, we don't see why they need any further discovery at this time while their motion to dismiss is pending.

THE COURT: All right. As succinctly as possible, would you just put your opposition, if any, on

grounds.

the record? 1 MR. ROCK: Sure, and I'll focus --2 3 THE COURT: Then I will rule. MR. ROCK: Sure, I will -- and I'll focus, Your 4 5 Honor, on the District's responses to what the points 6 Facebook just made. 7 This is a consumer protection enforcement action 8 where after conducting an investigation, the Attorney 9 General concluded that Facebook had, and is continuing to 1.0 violate the District's consumer protection laws in 11 connection with hundreds of thousands of D.C. consumers 12 that are Facebook customers, and based upon that, the 13 District has filed its complaint in this case. 14 Facebook just pointed to what it claims is the 15 lack of facts supporting personal jurisdiction in the 16 District's complaint. That's not accurate just on the 17 basic fact that the complaint sets out the fact that there 18 are hundreds of thousands of D.C. consumers who are 19 Facebook customers here, and are, have been, and continue 20 to be, as the Attorney General alleges, victims of 21 unlawful trade practices. 22 But, also Facebook makes a mistake in trying to 23 hang its argument only on what appears in the District's 2.4 complaint when it comes to the personal jurisdiction

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The grounds for personal jurisdiction are not required to be set out in full in the complaint. In fact, Rule 8 doesn't even require the plaintiff to say anything about the basis for personal jurisdiction. Whenever a defendant challenges personal jurisdiction, it then becomes the obligation of the plaintiff to come forward with those facts.

So one fundamental flaw in Facebook's request for a stay here is that it focuses on what's in the District's complaint, and doesn't focus on the other record, the other evidence, that's now before the Court.

Last Friday the District filed its opposition to Facebook's motion to dismiss, and where it was actually required to, came forward with evidence that strongly supports personal jurisdiction, and in connection with evaluating whether or not to grant a motion to stay, which is the extraordinary step here.

The Superior Court's rules contemplate the discovery starts as soon as the case is filed in supporting a motion to stay. Facebook bears a very heavy burden of convincing the Court that it's very likely to succeed on the merits here, and it can't do that based upon just a couple of pieces of evidence that are before the Court now in connection with the District's opposition to the motion to dismiss.